

and through which the general news of the world is brought to Canada. Cost of editing and transmission is divided among members according to the population of the cities in which they publish. CP gets world news from Reuters, the British agency, and from the Associated Press, the United States co-operative, and these agencies have reciprocal arrangements with CP for their coverage of Canada.

The British United Press is a limited company in Canada and maintains a close association with the United Press International, of which it is an affiliate. From its headquarters in Montreal and its 12 Canadian bureaus, it serves directly (1961) North America, South America, Europe and Australia with news from Canada, as well as 185 subscribers including 58 private broadcasting stations in Canada. Agence France Presse maintains offices in Montreal and Ottawa and certain foreign newspapers have agencies in Ottawa to interpret Canadian news for their readers.

Press Statistics.—The following tables are based on data estimated from *Canadian Advertising* and include English and French newspapers only. No information is available regarding foreign-language newspapers for 1960; numbers and circulations for 1958 and 1959 are given in the 1960 Year Book at p. 919 and figures back to 1945 in previous editions beginning with the 1947 edition.

One serious difficulty has been encountered in connection with the compilation of newspaper circulation figures. Reliable circulation figures are relatively easy to obtain for daily newspapers because, in their own best interest, such papers qualify for and subscribe to the Audit Bureau of Circulation requirements; for these, A.B.C. 'net paid' figures have been used. However, it is difficult to obtain reliable circulation figures for many weekly newspapers and for magazines, and those shown in the following tables should be used with reservations.

19.—Estimated Numbers and Circulations¹ of reporting Daily and Weekly² English-Language Newspapers, by Province, 1958-60

NOTE.—Figures from 1945 will be found in the corresponding table of previous Year Books beginning with the 1947 edition.

Province or Territory	1958				1959				1960			
	Daily		Weekly		Daily		Weekly		Daily		Weekly	
	No.	Circulation	No.	Circulation	No.	Circulation	No.	Circulation	No.	Circulation	No.	Circulation
Nfld.....	3	30,508	4	32,494	3	27,387	5	33,546	3	26,819	5	31,962
P.E.I.....	3	24,635	—	—	3	24,343	—	—	3	24,870	—	—
N.S.....	6	149,936	27	91,688	6	148,662	28	94,165	6	150,364	30	100,779
N.B.....	5	82,362	14	47,527	5	85,576	14	47,097	5	84,409	14	46,171
Que.....	4	302,315	26	1,572,776 ³	4	310,221	27	1,667,940 ³	4	318,998	27	1,746,051 ³
Ont.....	44	1,635,886	239	1,817,226 ⁴	45	1,597,981	247	1,851,940 ⁴	47	1,650,811	249	2,093,523 ⁴
Man.....	6	208,675	67	86,681	6	214,582	67	87,528	6	216,203	68	109,462
Sask.....	4	104,625	148	134,544	4	106,459	145	139,591	4	109,130	153	167,567
Alta.....	5	225,439	103	166,757	5	236,966	105	177,446	6	252,756	103	179,422
B.C.....	14	442,214	83	226,040	14	433,768	83	237,984	14	434,065	87	221,783
Yukon and N.W.T.....	—	—	2	4,111	—	—	2	4,500	—	—	2	4,500
Canada	94	3,206,595	713	4,179,844	95	3,185,945	723	4,341,737	98	3,268,425	738	4,701,220

¹ Circulation not reported for all newspapers.

² Includes semi-weeklies, tri-weeklies and week-end newspapers.

³ Includes one week-end newspaper which is circulated with daily newspapers in other provinces.

⁴ Includes one week-end newspaper which is circulated with a daily.